

# MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED IN TWO INDIANA STEEL TOWNS

United States armed forces on duty within the city limits will be extended, and those who are in the service of the United States will be attached to an organization on duty in the city limits and continued on duty during the present disturbance.

The approximately 1,600 men under Major Gen. Wood are regarded as sufficient to enforce his directions that no public meetings or assemblies be held and forbidding parades and demonstrations against the authorities. Carrying of weapons of any description by persons other than the police, military authorities, troops and members of the city government also was forbidden.

Ample reserve forces were on hand, it was stated, to check almost any outbreak, no matter how extensive. Four one-pounder guns and a machine gun detachment were among the force. The usual infantry equipment and reserve supplies made up the strength of the command.

Protesting by strikers at the various plants will not be stopped, Capt. Charles Bolla, officer of the day, said today. It was not intended to interfere with the general course of the strike except in so far as disorder and destruction of property were concerned.

The Federal troops here are from the 4th and 6th overseas divisions. The men from the 4th Division, 916 men and 100 officers, were sent here yesterday in motor trucks from Fort Sheridan. Arrival of the troops was greeted by cheers as they drew up in the public square and prepared their light guns, machine guns, rifles, automatic rifles, hand grenades and other items of equipment for any emergency.

Gen. Wood preceded the troops by general horse. One of his first actions here was to call a conference of city officials and strike leaders.

Calls of Workers' Demonstration Set for Oct. 8.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7.—Because of strikes now in progress in various parts of the United States, a general demonstration announced for Oct. 8 on behalf of "military and political pri-

oners would not be advisable," according to a statement made public today by E. D. Nolan, Secretary-Treasurer of the International Workers' Defense League, under whose auspices the movement was planned.

## SENATE COMMITTEE PLANS LAW ON LABOR DISPUTES

Federal "Clearing House" to Hear Both Sides Favored by Members.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—A law creating a Federal "clearing house" for labor disputes probably will be recommended by the Senate Labor Committee investigating the steel strike. This is strongly favored by Senator Walsh, Massachusetts, and other members of the committee, including Chairman Kenyon.

"Undoubtedly some form of legislation to prevent a repetition of the steel strike will result," Senator Walsh said today. "Government machinery ought to be devised to act as a clearing house for industrial disputes. This should take the form of a body to which either labor or employers could go to state their grievances. Let the commission, or whatever body is set up, send its own investigators to the scene and make a report on the facts as it finds them. Then let the public judge who is in the wrong."

## PITTSBURGH STEEL MILLS CLAIM FURTHER GAINS

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 7.—Steel plants in the Pittsburgh district that started operations yesterday after a two-weeks' shutdown due to the steel workers' strike, continued operations today, according to reports from the companies. It was stated the situation showed improvement from the stand point of the operators.

At Monessen the Pittsburgh Steel Company was said to be operating all departments except one blast furnace. Four other plants in the town were announced as operating in part, while in Duquesne, all departments of the American Steel and Wire Company with the exception of the blast furnaces, were working, it was stated.

## LABOR CONFERENCE SPLITS OVER RULE FOR GROUP VOTING

Meeting Adjourns Temporarily After John Spargo Attacks Plan of Procedure.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Disagreement over rules proposed for the governing of the industrial conference called by President Wilson resulted in the conference adjourning suddenly today after Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, had been elected permanent Chairman. It will meet again late in the day.

As proposed by the committee, the rules provided that all conclusions and decisions must be arrived at by unanimous vote of the three groups representing capital, labor and the public, while the decision of each individual group would be by a majority of the members of that group.

The rule was attacked by John Spargo of New York, a delegate representing the public.

Mr. Spargo declared the conference might as well adjourn if the provision of the rules was adopted whereby a majority vote of any group was necessary before a member of the group could introduce any subject for discussion. Such a rule, he asserted, hindered especially the public group, which was not composed of delegates representing a homogeneous interest like the labor group, but contained men and women of diverse activities.

He objected particularly because, he said, there was no provision for minority expression.

Thomas L. Chadbourne of New York, replying for the committee, declared the provision was believed necessary to obtain effective action instead of debate.

On motion of Frederick P. Fish of the employers' group, the conference adjourned to allow each group to consider the rules separately, the employers voting solidly on the motion and the public and organized labor groups dividing. Several delegates expressed opposition to an adjournment at a time when they declared, the conference should be getting down to business.

Other provisions of the rules reported by the committee were that the meetings be open to the public and the press, and that there be two daily sessions, from 9:40 A. M. to 12:30 P. M. and from 2:30 P. M. to 5:30 P. M. It was expressly stated that there should be no meetings on Sunday, indicating that the conference was expected to continue two weeks or more. The rules were presented by W. D. Mahon of the Labor Delegation, Chairman of the Rules Committee.

In accepting the chairmanship of the conference Secretary Lane said he regretted the absence of President Wilson and the "inspiring word" he might say to the conference, and added that news from the White House was that the President might be able to address the conference before it adjourned.

Discussing the purpose of the conference, Mr. Lane said the men "who talk of revolution in this country forget we have had our revolution which gave us democracy."

There is only one overlord in the United States, Mr. Lane continued, and that is the people of this country.

## BELGIAN PRINCE 'KIDNAPPED' BY BOSTON GIRL WITH AUTO

Banker's Daughter Takes Leopold on Informal Visit to Harvard Stadium.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—A little incident not down on the official programme for the entertainment of King Albert of the Belgians, Queen Elizabeth and Crown Prince Leopold occurred during the visit to Harvard.

Miss Anna Hamlin, daughter of Charles A. Hamlin of the Federal Reserve Bank, knew Prince Leopold was ardently fond of athletics and induced him to get into her automobile and gave orders to speed to the Stadium. He returned to the Copley Plaza just as his parents were returning from Cambridge.

The Crown Prince evidently enjoyed being "kidnapped," for he said he had a very nice time. The automobile circled the stadium track while Miss Hamlin told of the many famous griffin battles they had been fought there.

## FRENCH ASK EXTRADITION OF BISMARCK'S GRANDSON

Count Otto Accused of Having Had Fourteen Shots "as an Example."

PARIS, Oct. 7.—The extradition of Count Otto Bismarck, grandson of the famous German Chancellor, has been demanded of the German Government at the instance of court martial authorities at Lille, according to the correspondent of the Excelsior. Eight other Germans are also to be extradited, the writer states.

Count Bismarck is accused of having had fourteen inhabitants of the village of Vicoigne shot "as an example" and of burning several houses there. Similar charges are preferred against the others whose extradition is demanded.

## King and Queen of Belgium In Oilskins at Niagara Falls



KING AND QUEEN OF BELGIUM, IN THEIR "SIGHT SEEING WRAPS" AT NIAGARA FALLS.

The King and Queen of the Belgians toured Niagara Falls yesterday, taking in all the wonders of the place. They donned raincoats and oilskins when they went into the Cave of the Winds. King Albert is shown on the left.

## THREE MAIN LINES OF B. R. T. NOW FACE SUSPENSION

Assertion Made at Hearing for Receivers Certificates of Maintenance.

Counsel for Receiver Garrison of the Brooklyn surface street railway lines, in asking for authority to issue receivers certificates for maintenance and power from Judge Mayer, in the United States District Court, today, asserted that unless certificates were permitted the three principle lines of the system must suspend operations within from thirty to sixty days.

The Brooklyn, Queens and Suburban, Nassau Electric and Coney Island and Brooklyn systems were the lines referred to.

The application was opposed by the bondholders represented by the Peoples, Guaranty and Franklin Trust Companies. The objectors were told by Judge Mayer that they must find a way to keep the roads going before Oct. 21 or he would sign the application.

The Judge issued an order that the receiver must pay each day out of the funds in his hands for power furnished to the lines affected by the B. R. T. until Oct. 21.

## CHARGES AGAINST POLICE IN B. R. T. STRIKE HEARD

Commissioner Leach Says Investigation Reveals That Disorders Were Exaggerated.

Eight patrolmen were brought up on charges today before Deputy Police Commissioner Leach in Brooklyn for alleged offenses during the B. R. T. strike. Some of the accused policemen are declared to have permitted sympathy for the strikers to overcome their sense of duty.

Patrolman John Shine, who was assigned to duty out of the Wilson Avenue Station on Aug. 6, is alleged to have called "Scab!" at the motorman of a car at Wilson and Gates Avenues and to have applied the same epithet to a B. R. T. inspector.

William Underhill, a motorman on a Jamaica Avenue line, complained that Patrolman Bernard Sapp of Manhattan did nothing to protect him when he was attacked and beaten by a mob. The reports of violence in street cars during the strike were mostly newspaper disorder, observed Commissioner Leach. "My investigation shows that the facts were greatly exaggerated."

## TESTIFIES HE BOUGHT SOFT BERTH IN NAVY

Most of Plans Reported in Operation at Monessen and Donora.

In the taking of testimony in the court martial of Lieut. Commander Christopher Maraden at the Brooklyn Navy Yard today, George Elmsken of

## PRO-GERMANS HELP FIGHT ON TREATY, CHARGE IN SENATE

Hitchcock Also Links the Bolsheviks and Anarchists with This Organized Opposition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—"Charges that Anarchists, Bolsheviks and pro-Germans are leading the organizations opposed to the treaty and the League of Nations were made during debate today by Senator Hitchcock."

Senator Poindexter aroused Hitchcock by declaring that league supporters are conducting a "manufactured propaganda."

"No organization can be made nationwide without money," Hitchcock retorted. "If the Senator wants to see an organized propaganda against the League of Nations let him look at the pro-Germans, Socialists and Anarchists and Bolsheviks. Every one of them are fighting the League and the treaty. They are the allies of the opponents of the League of Nations."

Poindexter replied that Hitchcock had only become prominent in the fight against pro-Germanism "after the fight was won."

"Those leaders for a League of Nations who are now leaping philippics against the Bolsheviks and the Germans were during the war defending them," he said.

"The Senator has charged me with being pro-German," Hitchcock retorted. "There is no ground for say-

ing I did not support the war with all my strength. It's true that I didn't get into the war until Congress voted for it. I stood for the neutrality of the United States. But when it came time to act I did act, and the Senator will find no one who supported the war with more energy."

"The overwhelming sentiment in all the non-partisan organizations in the country is in favor of the League of Nations and it's only those with selfish ends that are opposing it."

## ITALY RATIFIES TREATY BY A ROYAL DECREE

French Senate to Give Its Approval This Week and Put It Into Effect.

PARIS, Oct. 7. (Havas)—King Victor Emmanuel of Italy signed a royal decree ratifying the German and Austrian treaties yesterday, according to a Milan dispatch to the Eclair.

The Senate meets this afternoon to begin consideration of the treaty of peace. Leon Bourgeois, Chairman of the Peace Commission of the Senate, delivered the report of the Commission on the treaty to the Senators. The report calls for immediate and unanimous ratification of the treaty.

Ratification of the German treaty by the royal decree of the King of Italy virtually completes the steps necessary for putting into effect the pact between Germany and the Allied Powers, which was signed at Versailles on June 28 and which stipulated it would be one operative when ratified by three of the great powers.

The British Parliament has already ratified the treaty, and the document now awaits only the signature of King George before becoming effective in Great Britain. Approval was given the convention by the French Chamber of Deputies last week, and the Senate is expected to take similar action on Friday or Saturday.

Ship That Stranded With Cargo of Sugar Arrives. The United States Shipping Board steamer Crawl Keyes, which went

ashore a day or two ago at Brigantine Shoals, on the Jersey coast near Atlantic City, was floated yesterday afternoon and reached Long Island City today with 2,500 bags of raw sugar from Matanzas, Cuba, for local refineries. Ship and cargo were uninjured.

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DIED.

BECK—ALEXANDER BABIN, born in Russia at the CAMPBELL, FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th.

PADILLA—CHARLES, born in Spain at the CAMPBELL, FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th.

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